SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name or designation of the mixture	Yankee Candle EHF Bayside Cedar - 1633216E
Registration number	-
Synonyms	None.
Product code	1633216E
Issue date	29-November-2023
Version number	01

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	General Public Use
Uses advised against	None known.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name	Yankee Candle Company (Europe) Limited
Company Address	Poplar Way East, Cabot Park Avonmouth Bristol United Kingdom BS11 0YH

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Newell - UK (Emergency Health Response)	0800 234 6169
Europe - Newell	008 008 658 8466
NHS	111

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The mixture has been assessed and/or tested for its physical, health and environmental hazards and the following classification applies.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended

Health hazards		
Skin sensitisation	Category 1	H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Aspiration hazard	Category 1	H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Environmental hazards		
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term aquatic hazard	Category 2	H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2. Label elements

Label according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 as amended

Contains: Acetic acid, anhydride, reaction products with 1,5,10-trimethyl-1,5,9-cyclododecatriene, Acetylcedrene, Alpha-isomethyl ionone, Balsams, peru, Benzoic acid, 2,4-dihydroxy-3,6-dimethyl-, methyl ester, Benzyl salicylate, beta-Pinene, Carbonic acid, (3Z)-3-hexen-1-yl methyl ester, Coumarin, Dihydro pentamethylindanone, d-Limonene, g-Methoxycedrane, Hexyl Cinnamal, Isocyclemone E, Linalool, Linalyl acetate, Methylenedioxyphenyl methylpropanal, Neryl acetate, Oils, geranium, Oils, labdanum, Oils, sage, Terpenes and terpenoids, lemon-oil, Terpenes, orange oil

Hazard pictograms

Signal word Danger

Hazard statements

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

P102	Keep out of reach of children.

Response

P301 + P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE/doctor.
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.
P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P333 + P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage

	Not applicable.
P405	Store locked up.

Disposal

P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Supplemental label information EUH208 - Contains d-Limonene. May produce an allergic reaction.

2.3. Other hazards This mixture does not contain substances assessed to be vPvB / PBT according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII. The product does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher. The mixture does not contain any substances included in the list established in accordance with REACH Article 59(1) for having endocrine disrupting properties at a concentration equal to or greater than 0.1% by weight.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

General information

Chemical name	%	CAS-No. / EC No.	REACH Registration No.	Index No.	Notes
Linalool	5 - 10	78-70-6 201-134-4	01-2119474016-42	603-235-00-2	
Classification: Skin Irrit. 2;H315, Eye Irrit. 2;H319, Skin Sens. 1B;H317					
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-	5 - 10	34590-94-8 252-104-2	-	-	#
Classification: -					
Galaxolide	3 - 5	1222-05-5 214-946-9	01-2119488227-29	603-212-00-7	
Classification: Aquatic Acute 1;H400, Aquatic Chronic 1;H410					
Hexyl Cinnamal	3 - 5	101-86-0 202-983-3	01-2119533092-50	-	
Classification: Skin Sens. 1B;H317, Aquatic Acute 1;H400(M=1), Aquatic Chronic 2;H411					
benzyl benzoate	1 - 3	120-51-4 204-402-9	01-2119976371-33	607-085-00-9	
Classification: Acute Tox. 4;H302, Aquatic Acute 1;H400, Aquatic Chronic 2;H411					
Carbonic acid, (3Z)-3-hexen-1-yl methyl ester	1 - 3	67633-96-9 266-797-4	-	-	
Classification: Skin Sens. 1B;H317					
Coumarin	1 - 3	91-64-5 202-086-7	01-2119949300-45	-	
Classification: Acute Tox. 4;H302, Skin Sens. 1B;H317					
Cyclohexanol, 2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, 1-acetate	1 - 3	88-41-5 201-828-7	-	-	
Classification: Aquatic Chronic 2;H411					
Isocyclemone E	1 - 3	54464-57-2 259-174-3	-	-	
Classification: Skin Irrit. 2;H315, Skin Sens. 1B;H317, Aquatic Chronic 1;H410					
Linalyl acetate	1 - 3	115-95-7 204-116-4	-	-	
Classification: Skin Irrit. 2;H315, Eye Irrit. 2;H319, Skin Sens. 1B;H317					

Chemical name	%	CAS-No. / EC No.	REACH Registration No.	Index No.	Notes
Phenol, 2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl-	1 - 3	128-37-0 204-881-4	-	-	#
Classification: Aquatic Acute 1;H400(M=1), Aquatic Chronic 1;H410(M=1)					
Terpenes and terpenoids, lemon-oil	1 - 3	68917-33-9 614-796-8	-	-	
Classification: Flam. Liq. 3;H226, Skin Irrit. 2;H315, Skin Sens. 1;H317, Repr. 2;H361, Asp. Tox. 1;H304, Aquatic Chronic 2;H411					
1,4-Dioxacyclohexadecane-5,16-dione	≤ 1	54982-83-1 259-423-6	-	-	
Classification: Aquatic Acute 1;H400(M=1), Aquatic Chronic 3;H412					
2,4-Decadienoic acid, ethyl ester, (2E,4Z)-	≤ 1	3025-30-7 221-178-8	-	-	
Classification: Skin Irrit. 2;H315, Aquatic Acute 1;H400, Aquatic Chronic 2;H411					
3-Cyclohexene-1-carboxaldehyde, 1-methyl-4-(4-methyl-3-penten-1-yl)-	≤ 1	52475-86-2 257-942-2	-	-	
Classification: Aquatic Acute 1;H400(M=1), Aquatic Chronic 1;H410(M=1)					
Acetylcedrene	≤ 1	32388-55-9 251-020-3	-	-	
Classification: Skin Sens. 1B;H317, Aquatic Acute 1;H400(M=1), Aquatic Chronic 1;H410(M=1)					
Balsams, peru	≤ 1	8007-00-9 232-352-8	-	-	
Classification: Eye Dam. 1;H318, Skin Sens. 1;H317, STOT RE 2;H373, Aquatic Acute 1;H400, Aquatic Chronic 2;H411					
d-Limonene	≤ 1	5989-27-5 227-813-5	-	601-096-00-2	
Classification: Flam. Liq. 3;H226, Skin Irrit. 2;H315, Skin Sens. 1;H317, Asp. Tox. 1;H304, Aquatic Acute 1;H400, Aquatic Chronic 1;H410					C
Methyl non-2-enoate	≤ 1	111-79-5 203-908-7	-	-	
Classification: Aquatic Acute 1;H400(M=1), Aquatic Chronic 2;H411					
Methylenedioxyphenyl methylpropanal	≤ 1	1205-17-0 214-881-6	-	-	
Classification: Skin Sens. 1B;H317, Repr. 2;H361, Aquatic Chronic 2;H411					
Oxacyclohexadec-12-en-2-one, (12E)-	≤ 1	111879-80-2 422-320-3	-	-	
Classification: Aquatic Acute 1;H400(M=1), Aquatic Chronic 2;H411					
Terpenes, orange oil	≤ 1	68647-72-3 614-678-6	01-2119493353-35	-	
Classification: Flam. Liq. 3;H226, Skin Irrit. 2;H315, Skin Sens. 1;H317, Asp. Tox. 1;H304, Aquatic Chronic 2;H411					
Alpha-isomethyl ionone	≤ 0.3	127-51-5 204-846-3	-	-	
Classification: Skin Sens. 1B;H317, Aquatic Chronic 2;H411					
Benzyl salicylate	≤ 0.3	118-58-1 204-262-9	01-2119969442-31	607-754-00-5	
Classification: Eye Irrit. 2;H319, Skin Sens. 1B;H317, Aquatic Chronic 3;H412					
beta-Pinene	≤ 0.3	127-91-3 204-872-5	-	-	
Classification: Flam. Liq. 3;H226, Skin Irrit. 2;H315, Skin Sens. 1B;H317, Asp. Tox. 1;H304, Aquatic Acute 1;H400(M=1), Aquatic Chronic 1;H410(M=1)					
Dihydro pentamethylindanone	≤ 0.3	33704-61-9 251-649-3	-	-	
Classification: Skin Irrit. 2;H315, Eye Irrit. 2;H319, Skin Sens. 1B;H317, Aquatic Chronic 2;H411					

Chemical name	%	CAS-No. / EC No.	REACH Registration No.	Index No.	Notes
1,4-Cyclohexadiene, 1-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-	≤ 0.2	99-85-4 202-794-6	-	-	
Classification: Flam. Liq. 3;H226, Repr. 2;H361, Asp. Tox. 1;H304, Aquatic Chronic 2;H411					
Acetic acid, anhydride, reaction products with 1,5,10-trimethyl-1,5,9-cyclododecatriene	≤ 0.2	144020-22-4 482-330-9	-	-	
Classification: Skin Sens. 1B;H317, Aquatic Acute 1;H400(M=1), Aquatic Chronic 1;H410(M=1)					
Benzoic acid, 2,4-dihydroxy-3,6-dimethyl-, methyl ester	≤ 0.2	4707-47-5 225-193-0	-	-	
Classification: Skin Sens. 1B;H317					
Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, (3Z)-3-hexen-1-yl ester	≤ 0.2	65405-77-8 265-745-8	-	-	
Classification: Aquatic Acute 1;H400(M=1), Aquatic Chronic 2;H411					
g-Methoxycedrane	≤ 0.2	19870-74-7 243-384-7	-	-	
Classification: Skin Sens. 1B;H317, Aquatic Acute 1;H400(M=1), Aquatic Chronic 1;H410					
Neryl acetate	≤ 0.2	141-12-8 205-459-2	-	-	
Classification: Skin Sens. 1B;H317, Aquatic Chronic 3;H412					
Oils, geranium	≤ 0.2	8000-46-2 616-774-3	-	-	
Classification: Skin Irrit. 2;H315, Eye Dam. 1;H318, Skin Sens. 1;H317, Aquatic Chronic 2;H411					
Oils, labdanum	≤ 0.2	8016-26-0 639-656-3	-	-	
Classification: Flam. Liq. 3;H226, Skin Irrit. 2;H315, Skin Sens. 1;H317, Asp. Tox. 1;H304, Aquatic Chronic 2;H411					
Oils, sage	≤ 0.2	8022-56-8 617-012-2	-	-	
Classification: Flam. Liq. 3;H226, Skin Irrit. 2;H315, Eye Dam. 1;H318, Skin Sens. 1;H317, STOT SE 2;H371, Asp. Tox. 1;H304, Aquatic Chronic 2;H411					
Methyl 2-nonynoate	≤ 0.1	111-80-8 203-909-2	-	-	
Classification: Acute Tox. 4;H302, Skin Irrit. 2;H315, Skin Sens. 1A;H317, Aquatic Acute 1;H400(M=1), Aquatic Chronic 3;H412					
Other components below reportable levels	56.35				

List of abbreviations and symbols that may be used above

ATE: Acute toxicity estimate.
M: M-factor
vPvB: very persistent and very bioaccumulative substance.
PBT: persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic substance.
#: This substance has been assigned Union workplace exposure limit(s).
All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

Composition comments The full text for all H-statements is displayed in section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

General information Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions.

Eye contact Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion Call a physician or poison control centre immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

General fire hazards	No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO_2).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Special fire fighting procedures	Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	Avoid breathing mist/vapours. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.
For emergency responders	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing mist/vapours. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
6.2. Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Never return spills to original containers for re-use.
6.4. Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling	Avoid breathing mist/vapours. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store locked up. Store in tightly closed container. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Directive 2012/18/EU on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, as amended ANNEX 1, PART 1 Categories of dangerous substances Hazard categories in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 - E2 Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment Chronic (Lower-tier requirements = 200 tonnes; Upper-tier requirements = 500 tonnes)
7.3. Specific end use(s)	Observe industrial sector guidance on best practices.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

UK. OELs. Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs) (EH40/2005 (Fourth Edition 2020)), Table 1

Components	Type	Value
Phenol, 2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl- (CAS 128-37-0)	TWA	10 mg/m3
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy) - (CAS 34590-94-8)	TWA	308 mg/m3
		50 ppm

Biological limit values No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Recommended monitoring procedures Follow standard monitoring procedures.

Derived no effect levels (DNELs) Not available.

Predicted no effect concentrations (PNECs) Not available.

Exposure guidelines

UK EH40 WEL: Skin designation

Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General information Personal protection equipment should be chosen according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment.

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Face shield is recommended.

Skin protection

- Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

- Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

Hygiene measures Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Environmental exposure controls Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. Fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment may be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid.

Form Liquid.

Colour Not available.

Odour Not available.

Odour threshold Not available.

pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point -80 °C (-112 °F) estimated

Initial boiling point and boiling range 190 °C (374 °F) estimated

Flash point 86.1 °C (186.98 °F) estimated

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit – upper (%)	Not available.
Vapour pressure	0.228595 hPa estimated
Vapour density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	235 °C (455 °F) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Oxidising properties	Not oxidising.
9.2. Other information	
Density	0.962 g/cm3 estimated
Percent volatile	2.69 % estimated
Specific gravity	0.962 estimated
VOC	2.69 % estimated

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
10.2. Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
10.5. Incompatible materials	Strong oxidising agents.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

General information Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse effects.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Ingestion	Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.
Symptoms	Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.
Respiratory sensitisation	Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.
Skin sensitisation	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.
Carcinogenicity	Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Coumarin (CAS 91-64-5)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
d-Limonene (CAS 5989-27-5)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
Phenol, 2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl- (CAS 128-37-0)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Reproductive toxicity Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Mixture versus substance information	No information available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components		Species	Test Results
Coumarin (CAS 91-64-5)			
Aquatic			
Acute			
Fish	LC50	Guppy (Poecilia reticulata)	32 - 100 mg/l, 96 hours
d-Limonene (CAS 5989-27-5)			
Aquatic			
Acute			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia pulex)	69.6 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	0.619 - 0.796 mg/l, 96 hours
Phenol, 2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl- (CAS 128-37-0)			
Aquatic			
Acute			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia pulex)	1.44 mg/l, 48 hours

12.2. Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow)	
1,4-Cyclohexadiene, 1-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-	5.4
1,4-Dioxacyclohexadecane-5,16-dione	3.65
3-Cyclohexene-1-carboxaldehyde, 1-methyl-4-(4-methyl-3-penten-1-yl)-	4.013
Acetylcedrene	5.9
Alpha-isomethyl ionone	4.288
Benzoic acid, 2,4-dihydroxy-3,6-dimethyl-, methyl ester	2.6
Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, (3Z)-3-hexen-1-yl ester	4.8
benzyl benzoate	3.97
Benzyl salicylate	4
beta-Pinene	4.16
Carbonic acid, (3Z)-3-hexen-1-yl methyl ester	3
Coumarin	1.39
Cyclohexanol, 2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, 1-acetate	4.23
Dihydro pentamethylindanone	4.2
d-Limonene	4.57
Galaxolide	5.3
Hexyl Cinnamal	4.686
Linalool	2.97
Linalyl acetate	3.9 3.93
Methyl 2-nonynoate	3.4
Methylenedioxyphenyl methylpropanal	2.4
Neryl acetate	3.98
Oils, geranium	3.5
Oils, labdanum	4.7
Oxacyclohexadec-12-en-2-one, (12E)-	5.45
Phenol, 2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl-	5.1 5.2

Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	Not available.
12.4. Mobility in soil	No data available.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This mixture does not contain substances assessed to be vPvB / PBT according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII.

12.6. Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Residual waste Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

EU waste code The Waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Disposal methods/information Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Special precautions Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR

14.1. UN number	UN3082
14.2. UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Hexyl Cinnamal, Galaxolide)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	9
Subsidiary hazard	-
Label(s)	9
Hazard No. (ADR)	90
Tunnel restriction code	-
14.4. Packing group	III
14.5. Environmental hazards	Yes
14.6. Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

RID

14.1. UN number	UN3082
14.2. UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Hexyl Cinnamal, Galaxolide)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	9
Subsidiary hazard	-
Label(s)	9
14.4. Packing group	III
14.5. Environmental hazards	Yes
14.6. Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

ADN

14.1. UN number	UN3082
14.2. UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Hexyl Cinnamal, Galaxolide)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	9
Subsidiary hazard	-
Label(s)	9
14.4. Packing group	III
14.5. Environmental hazards	Yes
14.6. Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IATA

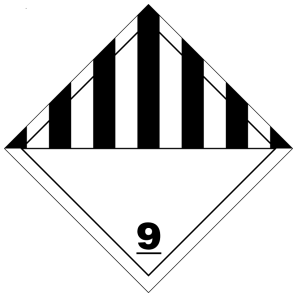
14.1. UN number	UN3082
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Hexyl cinnamal, Galaxolide)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	9
Subsidiary hazard	-
14.4. Packing group	III
14.5. Environmental hazards	Yes

ERG Code	9L
14.6. Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed with restrictions.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed with restrictions.

IMDG

14.1. UN number	UN3082
14.2. UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Hexyl cinnamal, Galaxolide), MARINE POLLUTANT
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	9
Subsidiary hazard	-
14.4. Packing group	III
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	Yes
EmS	F-A, S-F
14.6. Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not established.

ADN; ADR; IATA; IMDG; RID



Marine pollutant

General information	IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Retained direct EU regulations

Regulation (EC) No. 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer, Annex I and II, as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 On persistent organic pollutants (recast), as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 1 as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 2 as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 3 as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex V as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 166/2006 Annex II Pollutant Release and Transfer Registry, as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Article 59(10) Candidate List as currently published by ECHA

Not listed.

Authorisations

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XIV Substances subject to authorization, as amended

Not listed.

Restrictions on use

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XVII Substances subject to restriction on marketing and use, as amended - Conditions of restriction given for the associated entry number should be considered

Balsams, peru (CAS 8007-00-9)
benzyl benzoate (CAS 120-51-4)
Galaxolide (CAS 1222-05-5)

Other EU regulations

Directive 2012/18/EU on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, as amended

ANNEX 1, PART 1 Categories of dangerous substances
Hazard categories in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
- E2 Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment Chronic

Other regulations

This product is classified and labelled in accordance with the retained CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, as amended for Great Britain. This Safety Data Sheet is compiled in accordance with REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758.

Follow the requirements of the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 [SI 2002/2677], as amended, when using this material.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

List of abbreviations

ADN: European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.
ADR: Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
CAS: Chemical Abstract Service.
CEN: European Committee for Standardization.
IATA: International Air Transport Association.
IBC Code: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk.
IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.
MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships.
PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic.
RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
STEL: Short term exposure limit.
TWA: Time Weighted Average.
vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative.

References

Not available.

Information on evaluation method leading to the classification of mixture

The classification for health and environmental hazards is derived by a combination of calculation methods and test data, if available.

Full text of any statements, which are not written out in full under sections 2 to 15

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H371 May cause damage to organs.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Revision information

Product and Company Identification: Product Review
Composition / Information on Ingredients: Ingredients

Training information

Follow training instructions when handling this material.

Disclaimer

Yankee Candle s.r.o. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.