According to the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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#### Section 1.Identification of the substance / preparation and company

#### 1.1 Product identifier:

Product name : Diffuser sds-LEMON BERGAMOT &BASIL

Code number : 152692

UFI CODE : No need

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: : Consumer uses ,Aromatherapy

Uses advised against : No data available

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name : Ogalas Unlimited

Address : Unit 4 Parkway House, Ballymount | Drive, D12ECR9

TEL : +35312238312

SDS writing person in charge : xiyang@daliantalent.com

E-mail

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency contact number : (only in office hours)

### **Section 2. Hazards Identification**

# 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

The product is not classified according to the CLP regulation.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms

No data available

Signal words

No data available

Hazard statements

No data available

Precautionary statements

No data available

#### Additional information:

EUH208 Contains 1,6-Octadien-3-Ol, 3,7-Dimethyl-, 3-Acetate; Limonene; Linalool;

(2e)-2-(Phenylmethylidene)Octanal; 3-Buten-2-One, 3-Methyl-4-(2,6,6-Trimethyl-2-

Cyclohexen-1-Yl)-; Octanal, 7-Hydroxy-3,7-Dimethyl-; 1,3-Benzodioxole-5-Propanal, .Alpha.-Methyl-;

Cyclododecane, (Ethoxymethoxy)-; Bicyclo[3.1.1]Heptane, 6,6-Dimethyl-2-Methylene-,(1s)-; Citral;

2h-1-Benzopyran-2-One; 1,3-Benzodioxole-5-Carboxaldehyde .May produce an allergic reaction.

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## 2.3 Other hazards

Contains no PBT/vPvB substances ≥ 0.1% assessed in accordance with REACH Annex XIII

The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article
59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine
disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU)
2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0.1 %

## Section 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

#### 3.1 Substances

No data available, product is a mixture.

#### 3.2 Mixtures

#### substances contained in the mixture:

For the wording of the listed hazard statements refer to section 16.

Chemical name	CAS No EC No	Classification(CLP)	Concentration [%]
Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether	34590-94-8 252-104-2	Not classified	< 100
1,6-Octadien-3-Ol, 3,7-Dimethyl-, 3-Acetate	115-95-7 204-116-4	Skin Sensitization - Cat. 1B [H317] Skin Irritation - Cat. 2 [H315] Eye Irritation - Cat.2 [H319]	>= 0.6 < 0.9
Limonene	5989-27-5 227-813-5	Aspiration Hazard - Cat. 1 [H304] Skin Sensitization - Cat. 1B [H317] Skin Irritation - Cat. 2 [H315] Environmental Hazard (acute) - Cat. 1 [H400] Environmental Hazard (chronic) - Cat. 3 [H412] Flammable Liquid - Cat. 3 [H226]	>= 0.6 < 0.9
linalool	78-70-6 201-134-4	Skin Sensitization - Cat. 1B [H317] Skin Irritation - Cat. 2 [H315] Eye Irritation - Cat.2 [H319]	>= 0.6 < 0.9
(2e)-2-(Phenylmethylidene)O ctanal	165184-98-5 639-566-4	Skin Sensitization - Cat. 1B [H317] Environmental Hazard (acute) - Cat. 1 [H400] Environmental Hazard (chronic) - Cat. 2 [H411]	>= 0.12 < 0.3
3-Buten-2-One, 3-Methyl-4-(2,6,6-Trimethyl- 2-Cyclohexen-1-Yl)-	127-51-5 204-846-3	Skin Sensitization - Cat. 1B [H317] Environmental Hazard (chronic) - Cat. 2 [H411]	>= 0.12 < 0.3

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	T	_	
1,4-Cyclohexadiene, 1-Methyl-4-(1-Methylethyl)-	99-85-4 202-794-6	Reproductive Toxicity - Cat. 2 [H361] Aspiration Hazard - Cat. 1 [H304] Environmental Hazard (chronic) - Cat. 2 [H411] Flammable Liquid - Cat. 3 [H226]	>= 0.12 < 0.3
Octanal, 7-Hydroxy-3,7-Dimethyl-	107-75-5 203-518-7	Skin Sensitization - Cat. 1B [H317] Eye Irritation - Cat.2 [H319]	>= 0.12 < 0.3
1,3-Benzodioxole-5-Propanal, .AlphaMethyl-	1205-17-0 214-881-6	Reproductive Toxicity - Cat. 2 [H361] Skin Sensitization - Cat. 1B [H317] Environmental Hazard (chronic) - Cat. 2 [H411]	>= 0.6 < 0.12
Cyclododecane, (Ethoxymethoxy)-	58567-11-6 261-332-1	Skin Sensitization - Cat. 1B [H317] Skin Irritation - Cat. 2 [H315] Environmental Hazard (chronic) - Cat. 2 [H411]	>= 0.6 < 0.12
Hexahydrohexamethylindeno pyran	1222-05-5 214-946-9	Environmental Hazard (acute) - Cat. 1 [H400] Environmental Hazard (chronic) - Cat. 1 [H410]	>= 0.6 < 0.12
Bicyclo[3.1.1]Heptane, 6,6-Dimethyl-2-Methylene-, (1s)-	18172-67-3 242-060-2	Aspiration Hazard - Cat. 1 [H304] Skin Sensitization - Cat. 1B [H317] Skin Irritation - Cat. 2 [H315] Environmental Hazard (acute) - Cat. 1 [H400] Environmental Hazard (chronic) - Cat. 1 [H410] Flammable Liquid - Cat. 3 [H226]	>= 0.6 < 0.12
Citral	5392-40-5 226-394-6	Skin Sensitization - Cat. 1 [H317] Skin Irritation - Cat. 2 [H315] Eye Irritation - Cat.2 [H319]	>= 0.6 < 0.12
2h-1-Benzopyran-2-One	91-64-5 202-086-7	Skin Sensitization - Cat. 1B [H317] Acute Toxicity (oral) - Cat. 4 [H302]	>= 0.6 < 0.12
1,3-Benzodioxole-5-Carboxal dehyde	120-57-0 204-409-7	Skin Sensitization - Cat. 1B [H317]	>= 0.6 < 0.12
Hexanoic Acid, 2-Propenyl Ester	123-68-2 204-642-4	Acute Toxicity (oral) - Cat. 3 [H301] Acute Toxicity (dermal) - Cat. 3 [H311] Acute Toxicity (inhalation) - Cat. 3 [H331] Environmental Hazard (acute) - Cat. 1 [H400] Environmental Hazard (chronic) - Cat. 3 [H412]	>= 0.6 < 0.12

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Isopentyl Acetate	123-92-2 204-662-3	Flammable Liquid - Cat. 3 [H226]	>= 0.012 < 0.06
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Note: Acute aquatic toxicity

M-factor: 1

Aquatic Chronic toxicity M-factor: 1

#### Section 4. First-aid Measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Skin contact : Symptoms: dry skin, irritation in case of repeated or prolonged

exposure.

May cause burn in case of contact with product at high temperature. Remove contaminated clothing and footwear and dispose of safely.

Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water.

Seek medical attention if skin irritation, swelling or redness

develops and persists.

Eye contact : Symptoms: slight irritation (unspecific). May cause burn in case of

contact with product at high temperature.

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do so. Continue rinsing.

If irritation, blurred vision or swelling occurs and persists, obtain

medical advice from a specialist.

If hot product is splashed into the eye, it should be cooled immediately to dissipate heat, under cold running water.

Immediately obtain specialist medical assessment and treatment for

the casualty.

Inhalation : At ambient temperature inhalation is unlikely because of the low

vapour pressure of the substance.

Symptoms: None expected at ambient temperature. Inhalation of fumes or oil mists produced at high temperatures may cause

irritation of the respiratory tract.

In case of symptoms arising from inhalation of fumes or mists or vapours: Remove casualty to a quiet and well ventilated place if

safe to do so.

If casualty is unconscious and

- Not breathing – ensure that there is no obstruction to breathing and give artificial respiration by trained personnel. If necessary, give external cardiac massage and obtain medical assistance.

- Breathing – place in the recovery position. Administer oxygen if

necessary.

Obtain medical assistance if breathing remains difficult.

Ingestion : Symptoms: few or no symptoms expected. If any, nausea and

diarrhoea mightoccur.

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Do not induce vomiting. Ask for medical assistance. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : No data available

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information to physician : No data available

### **Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures**

# 5.1 Extinguishing media:

Suitable extinguishing media : Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon

dioxide.

Unsuitable : Do not use direct water jets on the burningproduct; they could cause

ExtinguishingMedia splattering and spread the fire.

Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be

avoided as water destroys the foam.

Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of

airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases, including carbon monoxide and unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion : Will cause combustion with high temperature, fire or oxidizing

products agent.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of a large fire or in confined or poorly ventilated spaces wear full fire resistant protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

#### Section 6. Accidental release measures

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

### **6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel**

Protective equipment : Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage.

Emergency procedures : Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the

feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency. It is recommended to eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so (e.g. electricity, sparks, fires, flares). If required, notify

relevant authorities according to applicable regulations.

### **6.1.2** For emergency responders

Fully protective measures are necessary.

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6.2 Environmental precautions

Spillages onto land : If necessary dike the product with earth, sand or similar

non-combustible materials. Let thematerial cool naturally.

Environmental precautions : Should not be released into the environment.

Avoid subsoil penetration.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid

binder, universal binder, sawdust).

Dam up.

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece)..

Additional advice : Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot

be contained.

Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet.

Other information : Note: recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage

scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air temperature, wave/current direction and speed) may influence the choice of appropriate actions. For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary. Local regulations may also prescribe

or limit actions to be taken.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

#### Section 7. Handling and Storage

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures : Ensure that all relevant regulations regarding handling and storage

facilities of combustible products are followed.

Measures to prevent fire : It is recommended to keep away from sparks/open flames/hot

surfaces. No smoking

Avoid contact with the hot product.

Measures to protect the

environment

Avoid release to the environment.

Advice on general

occupational hygiene

Ensure that proper housekeeping measures are in place.

Contaminated materials should not be allowed to accumulate in the

workplaces and should never be kept inside the pockets.

Keep away from food and beverages.

Do not eat, drink or smoke while using this product.

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Wash the hands thoroughly after handling.

Change contaminated clothes at the end of working shift.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures and storage conditions

Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and

operating procedures must comply with the relevant European,

national or local legislation.

Packaging materials

Requirements for storage

rooms and vessels

Use materials that do not react with liquids.

Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified

personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations.

Storage class Store separately from oxidising agents.

Further information on storage conditions

Protect drains from spills and prevent entry of molten material,

since this may result in blockage on cooling.

If the product is supplied in

containers

Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for

this kind of product.

Keep containers tightly closed and properly labelled.

Empty containers may contain combustible product residues. Do not weld, solder, drill, cut or perform similar operations on or near

containers unless they have been properly cleaned.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s):

No further relevant information available.

#### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Additional information: The most current valid lists have been used as a basis for the production of this

document.

Construction control Pay attention to the air ventilation in closed working area

Special issue If heat the paraffin close to the boiling point may send out

> stimulus/combustible gas. Although these is no significant health hazard, but in order to prevent the stimulation of respiratory by following good work habits and ensure the air ventilation

in working area, maintain its minimum.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Engineering measures** 

Control

Engineering/Working

Practice

If possible, keep the temperature low in storage and handling to

reduce the production of smoke

Reduce exposure to smoke. Wax melting should be dealt with in a

closed and ventilated place

Before confirm there is plenty of oxygen, don't come into the empty

tank.

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#### **Individual Protection**

Respiratory Protection : No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required..

Hand protection : Wear chemicals-resistant gloves, e.g. safety gloves of chloroprene

Level 2 or of butyl rubber Level 6.

Eye Protection : Chemical type goggles or face shield.

Protection clothes : Wear uniform. Hand Protection : Impervious gloves

Others : No smoking in working area. Avoid long-term and repeatedly

contact.

#### Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

### **Appearance**

Appearance : liquid

Colour : Characteristic
Smelling : Characteristic

# Safety data

pH : NA Melting point/freezing point : NA

Initial boiling point and : NA

boiling range

Flash point :  $>60^{\circ}$ C

Evaporation rate : NA Flammability (solid, gas) : NA

Upper/lower flammability or : NA

explosive limits

Vapour pressure : NA

Vapour density : NA

Relative density : NA

Solubility(ies) : NA

Partition : NA

coefficientn-octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : NA

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Decomposition temperature : NA

Viscosity : NA

Explosive properties : NA

Oxidising properties : NA

#### 9.2 Other data

No further relevant information available.

# Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

**10.1 Reactivity** : No known reaction with water.

**10.2 Chemical stability** : Product is stable under normal storage conditions

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous** : No data available

reactions

**10.4 Conditions to avoid** : Keep away from heat and avoid direct sunlight.

**10.5 Incompatible materials to** : No data available

avoid

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition** : Combustion (incomplete) will likely generate oxides of carbon,

**products** sulphur and nitrogen, as well as additional undetermined organic

compounds of the same elements.

#### **Section 11. Toxicological Information**

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute oral toxicity . No data available

Acute inhalation toxicity . No data available

Acute dermal toxicity : No data available

Repeated dose toxicity . No data available

Acute toxicity (other routes of : No data available

administration)

Skin irritation . No data available

Eye irritation : No data available

Sensitisation . No data available

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Mutagenicity . No data available

Carcinogenicity . No data available

Reproductive toxicity : No data available

Teratogenicity . No data available

Specific target organ toxicity . No data available

- single exposure

Specific target organ toxicity . No data available

- repeated exposure

Aspiration toxicity . No data available

#### Section 12. Ecological information

**12.1 Toxicity** . No data available

**12.2 Persistence and** No data available

degradability

**12.3 Bioaccumulative potential** No data available

**12.4 Mobility in soil** . No data available

**12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB**This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be

**assessment** either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT),or very

persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or

higher.

#### **Section 13. Disposal Considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product ... Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration. If

recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local

regulations.

Contaminated packaging Empty remaining contents. Dispose of as unused product.

## **Section 14. Transport Information**

According to the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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**14.1 UN number** : Not classified as hazardous for transport

ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA

**14.2 UN proper shipping** : Not classified as hazardous for transport

name

ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA

**14.3Transport hazard** : Not classified as hazardous for transport

class(es)

ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA

**14.4Packing group** : Not applicable.

ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA

**14.5 Environmental hazards** : Not applicable.

**14.6 Special precautions for** 

Not applicable.

user

**14.7 Transport in bulk** : Not classified as hazardous for transport

according to Annex II of

Marpol and the IBC Code

UN "Model Regulation" : No data available

### **Section 15. Regulatory Information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

No data available

## 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

#### **Section 16. Other Information**

### Hazard statements (CLP):

Hazard-Statements that may be mentioned in Sections 2 and 3:

H200 - Unstable explosives.

H201 - Explosive; mass explosion hazard.

H202 - Explosive, severe projection hazard.

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H203	_	Explosive; fire, blast or projection hazard.
H204	-	Fire or projection hazard.
H205	-	May mass explode in fire.
H206	_	Fire, blast or projection hazard; increased risk of explosion if desensitising agent is reduced.
H207	_	Fire or projection hazard; increased risk of explosion if desensitising agent is reduced.
H208	_	Fire hazard; increased risk of explosion if desensitising agent is reduced.
H220	-	Extremely flammable gas.
H221	_	Flammable gas.
H222	_	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H223	_	Flammable aerosol.
H224	-	Extremely flammable liquid and vapour.
H225	-	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	-	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H228	-	Flammable solid.
H229	-	Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
H230	-	May react explosively even in the absence of air.
H231	-	May react explosively even in the absence of air at elevated pressure and/or temperature.
H232	-	May ignite spontaneously if exposed to air.
H240	-	Heating may cause an explosion.
H241	-	Heating may cause a fire or explosion.
H242	_	Heating may cause a fire.
H250	_	Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air.
H251	_	Self-heating: may catch fire.
H252	_	Self-heating in large quantities; may catch fire.
H260	_	In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously.
H261	-	In contact with water releases flammable gases.
H270	-	May cause or intensify fire; oxidiser.
H271	_	May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidiser.
H272	_	May intensify fire; oxidiser.
***		

H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H281 - Contains refrigerated gas; may cause cryogenic burns or injury.

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- H290 May be corrosive to metals.
- H300 Fatal if swallowed.
- H301 Toxic if swallowed.
- H302 Harmful if swallowed.
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- H310 Fatal in contact with skin.
- H311 Toxic in contact with skin.
- H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H318 Causes serious eye damage.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H330 Fatal if inhaled.
- H331 Toxic if inhaled.
- H332 Harmful if inhaled.
- H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H340 May cause genetic defects <state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard >.
- H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects <state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard>.
- H350 May cause cancer <state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard>.
  - H350i May cause cancer by inhalation.
- H351 Suspected of causing cancer <state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard>.
- H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child <state specific effect if known > <state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard>.
  - H360F May damage fertility.

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- H360D May damage the unborn child.
- H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
- H360Fd May damage fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
- H360Df May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.
- H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child <state specific effect if known> <state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard>.
  - H361f Suspected of damaging fertility.
  - H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
  - H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
  - H362 May cause harm to breast-fed children.
- H370 Causes damage to organs <or state all organs affected, if known> <state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard>.
- H371 May cause damage to organs <or state all organs affected, if known> <state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard>.
- H372 Causes damage to organs <or state all organs affected, if known> through prolonged or repeated exposure <state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard>.
- H373 May cause damage to organs <or state all organs affected, if known> through prolonged or repeated exposure <state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard>.
  - H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
  - H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
  - H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
  - H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
  - H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

#### Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: Accord européensur le transport des marchandisesdangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

- IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
- IATA: International Air Transport Association
- EC: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

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CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern

vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Others: The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge,information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.