



爱普香料集团股份有限公司

APPLE FLAVOR & FRAGRANCE GROUP CO., LTD.

## Snow&Flower Fragrance

### APPLE FLAVOR & FRAGRANCE GROUP CO.,LTD.

Part Number: **SZ-097A**

Issue Date:**23/10/2023**

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Safety Data Sheet (Conforms to Annex II of REACH (1907/2006) - Regulation 2020/878)

## SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

### 1.1. Product Identifier

**Product name:** Snow&Flower Fragrance

**Proper shipping name:** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.

**Other means of identification:** SZ-097A | UFI:MA80-E0N0-K00H-7ET2

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Relevant identified uses:**

Prohibited to add in food

**Uses advised against:** No specific uses advised against are identified.

### 1.3. Details of the manufacturer or supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	APPLE FLAVOR & FRAGRANCE GROUP CO.,LTD.
Address	No.33, Caoxin Road, Shanghai China
Telephone	(86)021-59940388
Fax	(86)021-59940097
Website	<a href="http://www.cnaff.com">www.cnaff.com</a>
Email	apple@cnaff.com

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	Shanghai Chemical Toxicology Advisory Center
Emergency telephone numbers	+86 400-6267-911
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available

## SECTION 2 Hazards identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] and amendments <sup>[1]</sup>	H304 - Aspiration Hazard Category 1, H315 - Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, H317 - Sensitisation (Skin) Category 1B, H336 - Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure (Narcotic Effects) Category 3, H411 - Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment Long-Term Hazard Category 2
Legend:	1. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI

### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)

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**Signal word: Warning**

**Hazard statement(s)**

- H315: Causes skin irritation.
- H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Supplementary statement(s)**

Not Applicable

**Precautionary statement(s) Prevention**

- P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P280: Wear protective gloves and protective clothing.
- P261: Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray.
- P273: Avoid release to the environment.
- P264: Wash all exposed external body areas thoroughly after handling.
- P272: Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

**Precautionary statement(s) Response**

- P301+P310: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician/first aider.
- P331: Do NOT induce vomiting.
- P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
- P312: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician/first aider/if you feel unwell.
- P333+P313: If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
- P362+P364: Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
- P391: Collect spillage.
- P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

**Precautionary statement(s) Storage**

- P405: Store locked up.
- P403+P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

**Precautionary statement(s) Disposal**

- P501: Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation.

**2.3. Other hazards**

**Isopar L:** Listed in the Europe Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 - Annex XVII (Restrictions may apply)

**SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients**

**3.1.Substances**

See 'Composition on ingredients' in Section 3.2

**3.2.Mixtures**

1. CAS No 2.EC No 3.Index No	%[weight]	Name	Classification according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] and amendments	SCL / M-Factor	Nanoform Particle Characteristics
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<b>4.REACH No</b>					
1. 106-24-1* 2.203-377-1 3.603-241-00-5 4.Not Available	0.01-0.1	<u>Geraniol</u>	Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, Sensitisation (Skin) Category 1, Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 1; H315, H317, H318 <sup>[1]</sup>	Not Available	Not Available
1. 5392-40-5* 2.226-394-6 3.605-019-00-3 4.Not Available	0.1-1	<u>Citral</u>	Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2A, Sensitisation (Skin) Category 1B; H315, H319, H317 <sup>[1]</sup>	Not Available	Not Available
1. 106-22-9* 2.203-375-0 3.Not Available 4.Not Available	0.1-1	<u>Citronellol</u>	Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2A, Sensitisation (Skin) Category 1B; H315, H319, H317 <sup>[1]</sup>	Not Available	Not Available
1. 68647-72-3* 2.Not Available 3.Not Available 4.Not Available	1-5	<u>Terpenes of orange oil</u>	Aspiration Hazard Category 1, Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, Sensitisation (Skin) Category 1, Flammable Liquids Category 3, Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment Long-Term Hazard Category 2; H304, H315, H317, H226, H411 <sup>[1]</sup>	Not Available	Not Available
1. 63500-71-0* 2.405-040-6 3.603-101-00-3 4.Not Available	1-5	<u>Florosa</u>	Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2A; H319 <sup>[1]</sup>	Not Available	Not Available
1. 88-41-5* 2.201-828-7 3.Not Available 4.Not Available	1-5	<u>o-t-Butylcyclohexyl acetate</u>	Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment Long-Term Hazard Category 2; H411 <sup>[1]</sup>	Not Available	Not Available
1. 56539-66-3* 2.260-252-4 3.Not Available 4.Not Available	1-5	<u>3-Methoxy-3-Methyl-1-Butanol</u>	Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2; H319 <sup>[1]</sup>	Not Available	Not Available
1. 105-95-3* 2.203-347-8 3.Not Available 4.Not Available	5-10	<u>Musk T</u>	Not Applicable	Not Available	Not Available
1. 54464-57-2* 2.259-174-3 3.Not Available 4.Not Available	10-15	<u>iso E super</u>	Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment Long-Term Hazard Category 1, Sensitisation (Skin) Category 1B; H315, H410, H317 <sup>[1]</sup>	Not Available	Not Available
1. 24851-98-7* 2.246-495-9 3.Not Available 4.Not Available	15-20	<u>Hedione HC</u>	Not Applicable	Not Available	Not Available
1. 64742-48-9* 2.265-150-3 3.649-327-00-6 4.Not Available	30-35	<u>Isopar L</u>	Flammable Liquids Category 3, Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure (Narcotic Effects) Category 3, Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment Long-Term Hazard Category 2, Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, Aspiration Hazard Category 1; H226, H336, H411,	Not Available	Not Available

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H315, H304 <sup>[1]</sup>

**Legend:** 1. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI; 2. Classification drawn from C&L; \* EU IOELVs available; [e] Substance identified as having endocrine disrupting properties

## **SECTION 4 First aid measures**

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### **4.1. Description of first aid measures**

#### **Eye Contact**

If this product comes in contact with eyes:

- Wash out immediately with water.
- If irritation continues, seek medical attention.
- Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.

#### **Skin Contact**

If skin contact occurs:

- Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear.
- Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).
- Seek medical attention in event of irritation.

#### **Inhalation**

- If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.
- Other measures are usually unnecessary.

#### **Ingestion**

- Immediately give a glass of water.
- First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

### **4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

See Section 11

### **4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

Any material aspirated during vomiting may produce lung injury. Therefore emesis should not be induced mechanically or pharmacologically. Mechanical means should be used if it is considered necessary to evacuate the stomach contents; these include gastric lavage after endotracheal intubation. If spontaneous vomiting has occurred after ingestion, the patient should be monitored for difficult breathing, as adverse effects of aspiration into the lungs may be delayed up to 48 hours.

## **SECTION 5 Firefighting measures**

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### **5.1. Extinguishing media**

- Foam.
- Dry chemical powder.
- BCF (where regulations permit).

### **5.2. Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture**

#### **Fire Incompatibility**

None known.

### **5.3. Advice for firefighters**

#### **Fire Fighting**

Continued...

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- Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
- Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire.
- Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses.

### Fire/Explosion Hazard

- Non combustible.
- Not considered a significant fire risk, however containers may burn.

## SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

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### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

See section 12

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Minor Spills

Environmental hazard - contain spillage.

- Clean up all spills immediately.
- Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes.
- Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment.

#### Major Spills

Environmental hazard - contain spillage.

Minor hazard.

- Clear area of personnel.
- Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

## SECTION 7 Handling and storage

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### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

#### Safe handling

- Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.
- Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.
- Use in a well-ventilated area.
- **DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin**

#### Fire and explosion protection

See section 5

#### Other information

- Store in original containers.
- Keep containers securely sealed.
- Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

### Suitable container

- Polyethylene or polypropylene container.
- Packing as recommended by manufacturer.
- Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.

### Storage incompatibility

None known

### Hazard categories in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

E2: Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment in Category Chronic 2

### Qualifying quantity (tonnes) of dangerous substances as referred to in Article 3(10) for the application of

E2 Lower- / Upper-tier requirements: 200 / 500

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

See section 1.2

## SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

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### 8.1. Control parameters

**Not Available**

### Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

Not Applicable

### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection.

The basic types of engineering controls are:

Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk.

#### 8.2.2. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment



### Eye and face protection

- Safety glasses with side shields.
- Chemical goggles. [AS/NZS 1337.1, EN166 or national equivalent]
- Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants.

### Skin protection

See Hand protection below

### Hands/feet protection

- Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.
- Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber

#### NOTE:

- The material may produce skin sensitisation in predisposed individuals. Care must be taken, when removing gloves and other

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protective equipment, to avoid all possible skin contact.

- Contaminated leather items, such as shoes, belts and watch-bands should be removed and destroyed.

The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer. Where the chemical is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

The exact break through time for substances has to be obtained from the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed when making a final choice.

### Body protection

See Other protection below

### Other protection

- Overalls.
- P.V.C apron.
- Barrier cream.

### 8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

See section 12

## SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

:

Colorless to light yellow

<b>Physical state</b>	Liquid	<b>Relative density (25/25°C)</b>	0.847-0.867
<b>Odour</b>	Characteristic	<b>Partition coefficient n-octanol / water</b>	Not Available
<b>Odour threshold</b>	Not Available	<b>Auto-ignition temperature (°C)</b>	Not Available
<b>pH (as supplied)</b>	Not Available	<b>Decomposition temperature (°C)</b>	Not Available
<b>Melting point / freezing point (°C)</b>	Not Available	<b>Viscosity (cSt)</b>	Not Available
<b>Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)</b>	Not Available	<b>Molecular weight (g/mol)</b>	Not Available
<b>Flash point (°C)</b>	Not Available	<b>Taste</b>	Not Available
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Not Available	<b>Explosive properties</b>	Not Available
<b>Flammability</b>	Not Available	<b>Oxidising properties</b>	Not Available
<b>Upper Explosive Limit (%)</b>	Not Available	<b>Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)</b>	Not Available
<b>Lower Explosive Limit (%)</b>	Not Available	<b>Volatile Component (%vol)</b>	Not Available
<b>Vapour pressure (kPa)</b>	Not Available	<b>Gas group</b>	Not Available
<b>Solubility in water</b>	Not Available	<b>pH as a solution (1%)</b>	Not Available
<b>Vapour density (Air = 1)</b>	Not Available	<b>VOC g/L</b>	Not Available
<b>Nanoform Solubility</b>	Not Available	<b>Nanoform Particle Characteristics</b>	Not Available
<b>Particle Size</b>	Not Available		

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## 9.2. Other information

Not Available

## SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

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### 10.1. Reactivity:

See section 7.2

### 10.2. Chemical stability:

- Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials.
- Product is considered stable.
- Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions:

See section 7.2

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid:

See section 7.2

### 10.5. Incompatible materials:

See section 7.2

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products:

See section 5.3

## SECTION 11 Toxicological information

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### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Inhaled

The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting.

Inhalation of vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. This may be accompanied by narcosis, reduced alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of coordination and vertigo.

#### Ingestion

Swallowing of the liquid may cause aspiration of vomit into the lungs with the risk of haemorrhaging, pulmonary oedema, progressing to chemical pneumonitis; serious consequences may result.

Signs and symptoms of chemical (aspiration) pneumonitis may include coughing, gasping, choking, burning of the mouth, difficult breathing, and bluish coloured skin (cyanosis).

The material has **NOT** been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as 'harmful by ingestion'. This is because of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence. The material may still be damaging to the health of the individual, following ingestion, especially where pre-existing organ (e.g liver, kidney) damage is evident.

#### Skin Contact

Evidence exists, or practical experience predicts, that the material either produces inflammation of the skin in a substantial number of individuals following direct contact, and/or produces significant inflammation when applied to the healthy intact skin of animals, for up to four hours, such inflammation being present twenty-four hours or more after the end of the exposure period. Skin irritation may also be present after prolonged or repeated exposure; this may result in a form of contact dermatitis (nonallergic). The dermatitis is often characterised by skin redness (erythema) and swelling (oedema) which may progress to blistering (vesiculation), scaling and thickening of the epidermis.

The material may accentuate any pre-existing dermatitis condition

Skin contact is not thought to have harmful health effects (as classified under EC Directives); the material may still produce health damage following entry through wounds, lesions or abrasions.

Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material

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Entry into the blood-stream through, for example, cuts, abrasions, puncture wounds or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects. Examine the skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any external damage is suitably protected.

**Eye**

Although the liquid is not thought to be an irritant (as classified by EC Directives), direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort characterised by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn).

**Chronic**

Practical experience shows that skin contact with the material is capable either of inducing a sensitisation reaction in a substantial number of individuals, and/or of producing a positive response in experimental animals.

Substances that can cause occupational asthma (also known as asthmagens and respiratory sensitisers) can induce a state of specific airway hyper-responsiveness via an immunological, irritant or other mechanism. Once the airways have become hyper-responsive, further exposure to the substance, sometimes even to tiny quantities, may cause respiratory symptoms.

<b>Snow&amp;Flower Fragrance</b>	<b>TOXICITY</b> Not Available	<b>IRRITATION</b> Not Available
<b>Geraniol</b>	<b>TOXICITY</b> Not Available	<b>IRRITATION</b> Not Available
<b>Citral</b>	<b>TOXICITY</b> Not Available	<b>IRRITATION</b> Not Available
<b>Citronellol</b>	<b>TOXICITY</b> Not Available	<b>IRRITATION</b> Not Available
<b>Terpenes of orange oil</b>	<b>TOXICITY</b> Not Available	<b>IRRITATION</b> Not Available
<b>Florosa</b>	<b>TOXICITY</b> Not Available	<b>IRRITATION</b> Not Available
<b>o-t-Butylcyclohexyl acetate</b>	<b>TOXICITY</b> Not Available	<b>IRRITATION</b> Not Available
<b>3-Methoxy-3-Methyl-1-Butanol</b>	<b>TOXICITY</b> Not Available	<b>IRRITATION</b> Not Available
<b>Musk T</b>	<b>TOXICITY</b> Not Available	<b>IRRITATION</b> Not Available
<b>iso E super</b>	<b>TOXICITY</b> Not Available	<b>IRRITATION</b> Not Available

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Hedione HC	<b>TOXICITY</b>	<b>IRRITATION</b>
	Not Available	Not Available
Isopar L	<b>TOXICITY</b>	<b>IRRITATION</b>
	Not Available	Not Available

**Legend:** 1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2. Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances

Acute Toxicity	✗	Carcinogenicity	✗
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	✓	Reproductivity	✗
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	✗	STOT - Single Exposure	✓
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	✓	STOT - Repeated Exposure	✗
Mutagenicity	✗	Aspiration Hazard	✓

**Legend:** ✗ – Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification  
✓ – Data available to make classification

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1. Endocrine disrupting properties

No evidence of endocrine disrupting properties were found in the current literature.

11.2.2. Other information

See Section 11.1

SECTION 12 Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Not Available

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
	No Date available for all ingredients	No Date available for all ingredients

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
	No Date available for all ingredients

12.4. Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
	No Date available for all ingredients

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

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	<b>P</b>	<b>B</b>	<b>T</b>
Relevant available data	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
PBT	✘	✘	✘
vPvB	✘	✘	✘
PBT Criteria fulfilled?			No
vPvB			No

**12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties**

No evidence of endocrine disrupting properties were found in the current literature.

**12.7. Other adverse effects**

No evidence of ozone depleting properties were found in the current literature.

**SECTION 13 Disposal considerations**

**13.1. Waste treatment methods**

**Product / Packaging disposal**

- Containers may still present a chemical hazard/ danger when empty.
- Return to supplier for reuse/ recycling if possible.

Otherwise:

- If container can not be cleaned sufficiently well to ensure that residuals do not remain or if the container cannot be used to store the same product, then puncture containers, to prevent re-use, and bury at an authorised landfill.

Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory. Each user must refer to laws operating in their area. In some areas, certain wastes must be tracked.

- **DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains.**
- It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal.
- In all cases disposal to sewer may be subject to local laws and regulations and these should be considered first.
- Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.
- Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal.
- Bury residue in an authorised landfill.

**Waste treatment options**

Not Available

**Sewage disposal options**

Not Available

**SECTION 14 Transport information**

**Labels Required**



**Marine Pollutant**



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### **Land transport (ADR-RID)**

- 14.1. UN number or ID number: **3082**
- 14.2. UN proper shipping name: **ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.**
- 14.3. Transport hazard class(es):
  - Class: **9**
  - Subsidiary Hazard: **Not Applicable**
- 14.4. Packing group: **III**
- 14.5. Environmental hazard: **Environmentally hazardous**
- 14.6. Special precautions for user:
  - Hazard identification (Kemler): **90**
  - Classification code: **M6**
  - Hazard Label: **9**
  - Special provisions: **274 335 375 601**
  - Limited quantity: **5 L**
  - Tunnel Restriction Code: **Not Applicable**

### **Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR)**

- 14.1. UN number: **3082**
- 14.2. UN proper shipping name: **Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.**
- 14.3. Transport hazard class(es):
  - ICAO/IATA Class: **9**
  - ICAO / IATA Subsidiary Hazard: **Not Applicable**
  - ERG Code: **9L**
- 14.4. Packing group: **III**
- 14.5. Environmental hazard: **Environmentally hazardous**
- 14.6. Special precautions for user:
  - Special provisions: **A97 A158 A197 A215**
  - Cargo Only Packing Instructions: **964**
  - Cargo Only Maximum Qty / Pack: **450 L**
  - Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions: **964**
  - Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack: **450 L**
  - Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity Packing Instructions: **Y964**
  - Passenger and Cargo Limited Maximum Qty / Pack: **30 kg G**

### **Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee)**

- 14.1. UN number: **3082**
- 14.2. UN proper shipping name: **ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.**
- 14.3. Transport hazard class(es):
  - IMDG Class: **9**
  - IMDG Subsidiary Hazard: **Not Applicable**
- 14.4. Packing group: **III**
- 14.5. Environmental hazard: **Marine Pollutant**
- 14.6. Special precautions for user:
  - EMS Number: **F-A, S-F**
  - Special provisions: **274 335 969**
  - Limited Quantities: **5 L**

### **Inland waterways transport (ADN)**

- 14.1. UN number: **3082**

14.2. UN proper shipping name: **ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.**

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):

9: **Not Applicable**

14.4. Packing group: **III**

14.5. Environmental hazard: **Environmentally hazardous**

14.6. Special precautions for user:

Classification code: **M6**

Special provisions: **274; 335; 375; 601**

Limited quantity: **5 L**

Equipment required: **PP**

Fire cones number: **0**

#### **14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments**

##### **14.7.1. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code**

Not Applicable

## **SECTION 15 Regulatory information**

### **15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

#### **Geraniol is found on the following regulatory lists**

- Europe EC Inventory
- European Union - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)
- European Union (EU) Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures - Annex VI

#### **Citral is found on the following regulatory lists**

- EU European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) Community Rolling Action Plan (CoRAP) List of Substances
- Europe EC Inventory
- European Union - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)
- European Union (EU) Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures - Annex VI

#### **Citronellol is found on the following regulatory lists**

- Europe EC Inventory
- European Union - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)

#### **Terpenes of orange oil is found on the following regulatory lists**

- Not Applicable

#### **Florosa is found on the following regulatory lists**

- EU European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) Community Rolling Action Plan (CoRAP) List of Substances
- Europe EC Inventory
- European Union (EU) Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures - Annex VI

#### **o-t-Butylcyclohexyl acetate is found on the following regulatory lists**

- Europe EC Inventory
- European Union - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)

#### **3-Methoxy-3-Methyl-1-Butanol is found on the following regulatory lists**

- Europe EC Inventory
- European Union - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)

#### **Musk T is found on the following regulatory lists**

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– Europe EC Inventory

– European Union - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)

**iso E super is found on the following regulatory lists**

– Europe EC Inventory

– European Union - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)

**Hedione HC is found on the following regulatory lists**

– Europe EC Inventory

– European Union - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)

**Isopar L is found on the following regulatory lists**

– Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

– European Union - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)

– EU REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 - Annex XVII -

Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

– European Union (EU) Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures - Annex VI

– EU REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 - Annex XVII

(Appendix 2) Carcinogens: Category 1 B

– International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

– EU REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 - Annex XVII

(Appendix 4) Germ cell mutagens: Category 1 B

– International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs - Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans

– Europe EC Inventory

– International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs - Not Classified as Carcinogenic

This safety data sheet is in compliance with the following EU legislation and its adaptations - as far as applicable - : Directives 98/24/EC, - 92/85/EEC, - 94/33/EC, - 2008/98/EC, - 2010/75/EU; Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as updated through ATPs.

**Information according to 2012/18/EU (Seveso III):**

**Seveso Category:** E2

**15.2. Chemical safety assessment**

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

**National Inventory Status**

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AIIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use	Yes
Canada - DSL	Yes
Canada - NDSL	No (Geraniol; Citral; Citronellol; Terpenes of orange oil; Florosa; o-t-Butylcyclohexyl acetate; 3-Methoxy-3-Methyl-1-Butanol; Musk T; iso E super; Hedione HC; Isopar L)
China - IECSC	Yes
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	No (Terpenes of orange oil; Florosa)
Japan - ENCS	No (Terpenes of orange oil)
Korea - KECI	Yes
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes
Philippines - PICCS	Yes
USA - TSCA	Yes
Taiwan - TCSI	Yes
Mexico - INSQ	No (Terpenes of orange oil)

Continued...

**Snow&Flower Fragrance**

<b>National Inventory</b>	<b>Status</b>
Vietnam - NCI	Yes
Russia - FBEPH	Yes
<b>Legend:</b>	<i>Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require registration.</i>

**SECTION 16 Other information**

**Full text Risk and Hazard codes**

- H224:** Extremely flammable liquid and vapour.
- H226:** Flammable liquid and vapour.
- H227:** Combustible liquid.
- H302:** Harmful if swallowed.
- H312:** Harmful in contact with skin.
- H318:** Causes serious eye damage.
- H319:** Causes serious eye irritation.
- H331:** Toxic if inhaled.
- H335:** May cause respiratory irritation.
- H340:** May cause genetic defects.
- H350:** May cause cancer.
- H361:** Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
- H372:** Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H400:** Very toxic to aquatic life.
- H410:** Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- H412:** Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Other information**

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources. The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered. The information in this SDS is to best of our knowledge true and accurate but all data, instruction, recommendations and suggestions are made without guarantee.

**Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]**

<b>Classification according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] and amendments</b>	<b>Classification Procedure</b>
Aspiration Hazard Category 1, H304	Calculation method
Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, H315	Calculation method
Sensitisation (Skin) Category 1B, H317	Calculation method
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure (Narcotic Effects) Category 3, H336	Calculation method
Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment Long-Term Hazard Category 2, H411	Calculation method