

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Version #: 03 Issue date: 06-February-2023 Revision date: 15-February-2023 Supersedes date: 06-February-2023

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking		
1.1. Product identifier		
Trade name or designation of the mixture	on SAMP-WR HIYC PMGRT CCNT YCE P18 1573003E	
Registration number	-	
Synonyms	None.	
Product code	1573003E	
1.2. Relevant identified us Identified uses	ses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Not available.	
Uses advised agains	t None known.	
1.3. Details of the supplie	r of the safety data sheet	
Company name	Yankee Candle Company (Europe) Limited	
Company Address	Poplar Way East, Cabot Park	
	Avonmouth	
	Bristol	
	United Kingdom	
	BS11 0YH	
1.4. Emergency telephone	e number	
General in EU	112 (Available 24 hours a day. SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)	
Austria National Pois Information Centre	+431 406 4343 (Available 24 hours a day. SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)	
Belgium National Poi Control Center	sons 070 245 245 (Available 24 hours a day. SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)	
Bulgaria National Toxicological Informa Centre	+359 2 9154233 (Available 24 hours a day. SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)	
Czech Republic Nation Poisons Information Centre	+420 224 919 293, or +420 224 915 402 (Hours of operation not provided. SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)	
Denmark National Po Control Center	isons +45 82 12 12 12 (Available 24 hours a day. SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)	
Estonia National Pois Information Centre	sons 16662 or abroad: (+372) 626 9390 (Monday 9:00AM to Saturday 9:00AM (closed on Sundays and on national holidays). SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)	
Finland National Pois Information Center	on (09) 471 977 (direct) or (09) 4711 (exchange) (Available 24 hours a day. SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)	
France National Pois Control Center	ons ORFILA number (INRS): + 33 (0) 1 45 42 59 59 (Available 24 hours a day. SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)	
Hungary National Emergency Phone Nu	36 80 20 11 99 (Available 24 hours a day. SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)	
Lithuania Neatidėliot informacija apsinuod		
Malta Accident and Emergency Departme	2545 4030 (Hours of operation not provided. SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)	
Netherlands National Poisons Information Center (NVIC)	030-274 88 88 (Only for the purpose of informing medical personnel in cases of acute intoxications)	
Norway Norwegian P Information Center	oison 22 59 13 00 (Available 24 hours a day. SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)	

1.4. Emergency telephone number

800 250 250 (Available 24 hours a day. SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)
021.318.36.06 (Available 8:00AM-3:00PM. SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)
+421 2 5477 4166 (Available 24 hours a day. SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)
112 - and ask for Poison Information (Available 24 hours a day. SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)
145 (Available 24 hours a day. SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The mixture has been assessed and/or tested for its physical, health and environmental hazards and the following classification applies.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended

2.2. Label elements

Label according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 as amended

Hazard pictograms	None.
Signal word	None.
Hazard statements	The mixture does not meet the criteria for classification.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	Not applicable.
Response	Not applicable.
Storage	Not applicable.
Disposal	Not applicable.
Supplemental label information	EUH208 - Contains Isocyclemone E, delta-Damascone. May produce an allergic reaction.
2.3. Other hazards	May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed. This mixture does not contain substances assessed to be vPvB / PBT according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII. The product does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures General information **Chemical name** % CAS-No. / EC No. REACH Registration No. Index No. Notes 120-51-4 607-085-00-9 Benzyl benzoate ≥ 0,45 204-402-9 Classification: Acute Tox. 4;H302;(ATE: 500 mg/kg), Aquatic Acute 1;H400, Aquatic Chronic 2;H411 Isocyclemone E ≥ 0,15 54464-57-2 259-174-3 Classification: Skin Irrit. 2;H315, Skin Sens. 1B;H317, Aquatic Chronic 1;H410 delta-Damascone ≥ 0,01 57378-68-4 260-709-8 Classification: Acute Tox. 4;H302;(ATE: 500 mg/kg), Skin Irrit. 2;H315, Skin Sens. 1A;H317, Aquatic Acute 1;H400, Aquatic Chronic 1;H410 Other components below reportable 99.39 levels List of abbreviations and symbols that may be used above ATE: Acute toxicity estimate. M: M-factor PBT: persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic substance. vPvB: very persistent and very bioaccumulative substance. All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume. #: This substance has been assigned Union workplace exposure limit(s). **Composition comments** The full text for all H-statements is displayed in section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.	
4.1. Description of first aid meas	sures	
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.	
Skin contact	Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.	
Eye contact	Do not rub eyes. Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.	
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.	
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	Nausea. Dusts may irritate the respiratory tract, skin and eyes.	
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Treat symptomatically.	
SECTION 5: Firefighting m	neasures	
Conorol fire horordo	May form explosible dust air mixture if dispersed. Ne upusual fire or explosion bezorde poted	

General fire hazards	May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed. No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.
5.1. Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture. Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Dry sand. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Apply extinguishing media carefully to avoid creating airborne dust.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	Explosion hazard: Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
5.3. Advice for firefighters Special protective equipment for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Special fire fighting procedures	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protect	ctive equipment and emergency procedures	
For non-emergency personnel	Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up.	
For emergency responders	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use only non-sparking tools. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8 of the SDS.	
6.2. Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.	
6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up		
	Large Spills: Wet down with water and dike for later disposal. Shovel the material into waste container. Following product recovery, flush area with water.	
	Small Spills: Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.	
	Never return spills to original containers for re-use.	
6.4. Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.	

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling	Minimise dust generation and accumulation. Avoid significant deposits of material, especially on horizontal surfaces, which may become airborne and form combustible dust clouds and may contribute to secondary explosions. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces. Dry powders can build static electricity charges when subjected to the friction of transfer and mixing operations. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Combustible dust clouds may be created where operations produce fine material (dust). Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
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2. Conditions for safe orage, including any compatibilities	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).		
3. Specific end use(s)	Not available.		
ECTION 8: Exposure cont	rols/personal protection		
1. Control parameters			
ccupational exposure limits			
Belgium. Exposure Limit Val Components	ues Type	Value	Form
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes (CAS 8002-74-2)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Fume.
Croatia. Dangerous Substan Components	ce Exposure Limit Values in the Wo Type	orkplace (ELVs), Annexes 1 a Value	nd 2, Narodne Novine, 13/09 Form
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes (CAS 8002-74-2)	MAC	2 mg/m3	Fume.
0002-74-2)	STEL	6 mg/m3	Fume.
Denmark. Exposure Limit Va Components	lues Type	Value	Form
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes (CAS 8002-74-2)	TLV	2 mg/m3	Fume.
Estonia. OELs. Occupational Components	Exposure Limits of Hazardous Su Type	bstances (Regulation No. 10 Value	5/2001, Annex), as amended Form
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes (CAS 8002-74-2)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Vapour.
Finland. Workplace Exposure Components	e Limits Type	Value	Form
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes (CAS 8002-74-2)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Fume.
France. Threshold Limit Valu Components	es (VLEP) for Occupational Expos Type	ure to Chemicals in France, I Value	NRS ED 984 Form
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes (CAS 8002-74-2)	VME	2 mg/m3	Fume.
Regulatory status: Indi	cative limit (VL)		
Greece. OELs (Decree No. 90 Components	/1999, as amended) Type	Value	Form
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes (CAS 8002-74-2)	STEL	6 mg/m3	Fume.
0002-14-2)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Fume.
Iceland. OELs. Regulation 15 Components	4/1999 on occupational exposure l Type	limits Value	Form
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes (CAS 8002-74-2)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Fume.
Ireland. Occupational Exposi Components	ure Limits Type	Value	Form
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes (CAS	STEL	6 mg/m3	Fume.
8002-74-2)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Fume.

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes (CAS 8002-74-2)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Fume.
Norway. Administrative No Components	orms for Contaminants in the Workpl Type	ace Value	Form
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes (CAS 8002-74-2)	TLV	2 mg/m3	Fume.
	<i>l</i> inister of Labour and Social Policy ities of harmful health factors in the Type		
bis(2-ethylhexyl) hexanedioate (CAS 103-23-1)	TWA	400 mg/m3	
		0 ppm	
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes (CAS 8002-74-2)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
		0 ppm	Inhalable fraction.
Portugal. VLEs. Norm on o	occupational exposure to chemical a	gents (NP 1796)	
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes (CAS 8002-74-2)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Fume.
Romania. OELs. Protection Components	n of workers from exposure to chem Type	ical agents at the workplace Value	Form
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes (CAS 8002-74-2)	STEL	6 mg/m3	Fume.
	TWA	2 mg/m3	Fume.
Slovakia. OELs. Regulation Components	n No. 300/2007 concerning protectio Type	n of health in work with chem Value	iical agents Form
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes (CAS 8002-74-2)	STEL	6 mg/m3	Fume.
	TWA	2 mg/m3	Fume.
Spain. Occupational Expos Components	sure Limits Type	Value	Form
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes (CAS 8002-74-2)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Fume.
Switzerland. SUVA Grenzw Components	verte am Arbeitsplatz Type	Value	Form
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes (CAS 8002-74-2)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Respirable fume.
UK. EH40 Workplace Expo Components	sure Limits (WELs) Type	Value	Form
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes (CAS 8002-74-2)	STEL	6 mg/m3	Fume.
	TWA	2 mg/m3	Fume.
ogical limit values	No biological exposure limits noted	for the ingredient(s).	
ommended monitoring	Follow standard monitoring procedu		
edures	51		

Predicted no effect concentrations (PNECs)	Not available.
8.2. Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. It is recommended that all dust control equipment such as local exhaust ventilation and material transport systems involved in handling of this product contain explosion relief vents or an explosion suppression system or an oxygen-deficient environment. Ensure that dust-handling systems (such as exhaust ducts, dust collectors, vessels, and processing equipment) are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from the equipment). Use only appropriately classified electrical equipment and powered industrial trucks.
Individual protection measures,	such as personal protective equipment
General information	Use personal protective equipment as required. Personal protection equipment should be chosen according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment.
Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).
Skin protection	
- Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.
- Other	Wear suitable protective clothing.
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
Hygiene measures	When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. Fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment may be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physic	ai and chemical properties
Physical state	Solid.
Form	Solid.
Colour	Not available.
Odour	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	39 - 95 °C (102,2 - 203 °F) / 39 °C (102,2 °F) estimated
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	350 - 430 °C (662 - 806 °F)
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or exp	losive limits
Explosive limit - lower (%)	0,9 % estimated
Explosive limit – upper (%)	7 % estimated
Flash point	204 - 271 °C (399,2 - 519,8 °F)
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Kinematic viscosity	2,1 - 5 mm²/s
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Vapour pressure	> 2,67 kPa
Vapour density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Particle characteristics	Not available.
9.2. Other information	

9.2.1. Information with regard	No relevant additional information available.
to physical hazard classes	

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Density	800 - 940 kg/m3
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Oxidising properties	Not oxidising.
Specific gravity	0,8 - 0,94

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
10.2. Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Contact with incompatible materials. Minimise dust generation and accumulation.
10.5. Incompatible materials	Strong oxidising agents.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

General information	Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse effects.
Information on likely routes of e	xposure
Inhalation	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed. However, ingestion is not likely to be a primary route of occupational exposure.
Symptoms	Nausea. Dusts may irritate the respiratory tract, skin and eyes.
11.1. Information on toxicologic	al effects
Acute toxicity	No data available.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.
Respiratory sensitisation	Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.
Skin sensitisation	Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.
Carcinogenicity	Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.
Hungary. 26/2000 EüM Ordi (as amended)	nance on protection against and preventing risk relating to exposure to carcinogens at work
Not listed.	
Reproductive toxicity	Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.
Aspiration hazard	Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.
Mixture versus substance information	No information available.
11.2. Information on other haza	rds
Endocrine disrupting properties	The product does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.
Other information	May cause allergic respiratory and skin reactions.
Other information SECTION 12: Ecological in	May cause allergic respiratory and skin reactions.

No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.

12.2. Persistence and

degradability

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow) Benzyl benzoate delta-Damascone		3,97 3,4 4,2
Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	Not available.	
12.4. Mobility in soil	No data available.	
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This mixture does not contain (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XII	substances assessed to be vPvB / PBT according to Regulation I.
12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties		components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties (f) or regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) nigher.
12.7. Other adverse effects		al effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation , global warming potential) are expected from this component.
12.8. Additional information		
Estonia Dangerous substan	ces in soil Data	
Benzyl benzoate (CAS 12	20-51-4)	Chemical pesticides (As the total sum of the active substances) 0,5 mg/kg Chemical pesticides (As the total sum of the active substances) 20 mg/kg Chemical pesticides (As the total sum of the active substances) 5 mg/kg

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods	
Residual waste	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
EU waste code	The Waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Disposal methods/information	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Special precautions	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

- ADR
 - 14.1. 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

RID

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

ADN

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk Not applicable.

according to IMO instruments

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU regulations

Regulation (EC) No. 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer, Annex I and II, as amended Not listed.

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 On persistent organic pollutants (recast), as amended Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 1 as amended Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 2 as amended Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 64 Not listed.	9/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 3 as amended
• • • •	9/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex V as amended
Not listed. Regulation (EC) No. 16	6/2006 Annex II Pollutant Release and Transfer Registry, as amended
Not listed.	
Regulation (EC) No. 19	07/2006, REACH Article 59(10) Candidate List as currently published by ECHA
Not listed.	
Authorisations	
Regulation (EC) No. 19	07/2006, REACH Annex XIV Substances subject to authorization, as amended
Not listed.	
Restrictions on use	
• • • •	07/2006, REACH Annex XVII Substances subject to restriction on marketing and use as amended
Not listed. Directive 2004/37/EC: o work, as amended. Not listed.	on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens and mutagens at
Other EU regulations	
Directive 2012/18/EU or	n major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, as amended
Benzyl benzoate (C	AS 120-51-4)
Other regulations	The product is classified and labelled in accordance with Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP Regulation) as amended. This Safety Data Sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended.
National regulations	Follow national regulation for work with chemical agents in accordance with Directive 98/24/EC, as

National regulations	Follow national regulation for work with chemical agents in accordance with Directive 98/24/E0 amended.
15.2. Chemical safety assessment	No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

List of abbreviations	 ADN: European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways. ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road. AGW: Occupational threshold limit value (Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert – Germany). CAS: Chemical Abstract Service. CEN: European Committee for Standardization. IATA: International Air Transport Association. IBC Code: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk. IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. MAC: Maximum Allowed Concentration. MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships. PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic. RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail. STEL: Short term exposure limit. TLV: Threshold Limit Value. TWA: Time Weighted Average. VLE: Exposure Limit Value. VME: Exposure Average Value. vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative.
References	Not available.
Information on evaluation method leading to the classification of mixture	The classification for health and environmental hazards is derived by a combination of calculation methods and test data, if available.
Full text of any H-statements not written out in full under	
Sections 2 to 15	H302 Harmful if swallowed. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Revision information	SECTION 2: Hazards identification: Disposal SECTION 2: Hazards identification: Prevention SECTION 2: Hazards identification: Response SECTION 2: Hazards identification: Storage
Training information	Follow training instructions when handling this material.
Material serves CAMP M/D LIV/C DM	

Yankee Candle s.r.o. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.